Comp dax Determinations STATE OF NEW YORK Casher, One A-Z

DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE

BOARD OF CONFERES - - CORPORATION TAX BUREAU

In the Matter of the Applications of

CASHIN, INC.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

for revision or refund of franchise taxes under Article 9A of the Tax Law for the calendar years 1959, 1960, 1961, and the cessation period January 1, 1962 to June 29, 1962.

Hearing Case No. 2411

The taxes were audited and stated as follows:

Year	Net Income Allocated 100% to M.Y.	Tax at 547	Date of Billing	
1959	\$240,437.09	\$13,224.04	May 5, 1961	
1960	299,102.73	16,450.65	November 1, 1961	
1961	341,165.97	18,764.13	June 28, 1963	
1962	148,235.73	8,152.97	June 28, 1963	

Timely applications were filed on August 27, 1962 and July 31, 1963.

The only question involved is whether the texpxyer had a regular place of business outside New York so as to be entitled to a business allocation.

A formal hearing was held in Albany on October 2, 1962 before William F. Sullivan, Conferee, with the texpayer being represented by Vaughan Read, controller, and James A. Guddihy, Esq., as counsel.

The facts are as follows:

The taxpayer is engaged in the leasing of its patented automatic "weighing while conveying machines" to meat packers and chain store operators located throughout the United States and Canada.

The tempayer, for the years under review, purchased two spperate units, a weigh-head scale and an electronic unit from suppliers located in North Carolina, New Jersey and Illinois. The suppliers would ship the units to Allbright-Hell Co. in Chicago, Illinois. Under an agreement with the taxpayer, Allbright-Hell Company would assemble the completed unit and, upon instructions from the taxpayer, would ship the completed unit to the taxpayer's lessees.

It was the taxpayer's practice to estimate the number of machines it would lease to new customers during a year and purchase the separate units at an economical price.

Aines it parate unit As of December 31, 1959, 1960, 1961 and for the short period in 1962, the inventory of taxpayer's owned parts at Allbright-Hell Company in Chicago amounted to \$29,075.26, \$49,256.87, \$55,493.00 and \$59,068.00, respectively.

The number of taxpayer's machines assembled in the years 1959, 1960, 1961 and 1962 by Allbright-Well Co. and shipped to taxpayer's lessees were 34, 27, 24 and 13, respectively.

A proposed determination was prepared denying the right to allocation on the grounds that no regular place of business was maintained.

The Bureau of Law disagreed with the proposed determination and in a memorandum dated November 24, 1964 to the Tax Commission stated the taxpayer's applications should be granted on the ground that the plant of the independent contractor, Allbright-Hell, constituted a regular place of business of the taxpayer.

Commissioner Palestin, after review, agrees with the Bureau of Law position.

Accordingly, the taxes have been corrected as follows:

	1959	1960	1961	1962
Net Income	\$240,437.09 17.1944%	\$310,052.98 23.317	\$341,165.97 17%	\$148,235.73 13.25
Business Allocation New York Base	41,341.72	72,273.35	57,998.21	19,567.12 1,076.19
Tax at 54% Original Tax	2,273.79 13,224.04	3,975.03 16,450.55	18,764.13	8,152.97
Reduction	\$ 10,950.25	¥ 12,475.62	\$ 15,574.23	\$ 7,076.78

Chairm	MI			
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WFS:MB January 21, 1965

Approved
James R. Macduff
1/28/65

Ira J. Palestin 2/2/65